

## GRIPPING A SILVER BANK.

Under Orders Secretary Carlisle Takes Away Its Government Funds.

President Stockton of the Florida Bank Had Declared for the White Metal.

He Is Now in This City Endeavoring to Sell Enough Bonds to Tide the Institution Over.

MORE MONEY MUST NOW BE RAISED.

The Federal Deposits Have Been Used in Ordinary Business and the Call for Them Means That More Cash Is Needed at Once.

Washington, Aug. 27.—The Administration seems to be pulling with vindictive hostility every one who dares to advocate the free coinage of silver. The latest victim is Mr. John H. Stockton, president of the National Bank of the State of Florida, at Jacksonville.

Acting under orders from President Cleveland, Secretary Carlisle has ordered the transfer of government funds from that bank, which has been a government depository for the past ten years. This order was issued, but not signed, early in July, shortly after Mr. Stockton had come out for free silver, and had used his influence to pledge the Florida Democratic Convention to support the silver issue.

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Mr. Stockton is now in New York endeavoring to negotiate the sale of bonds to tide his bank over the severe blow administered by Secretary Carlisle. He is a man of high standing, a grandson of the late Commodore Stockton, of New Jersey, and a brother of T. T. Stockton, business manager of the Florida Times-Lake.

CARLISLE'S NEW DEPOSITORY. Mr. Carlisle signed the order last week designating the First National Bank of Tampa as the depository for Government moneys in Florida, and taking that function from the National Bank of the State of Florida. The order also directed that all Government moneys and notes in Mr. Stockton's bank should be turned over at once to the Tampa bank.

This order threatened the most serious consequences, as it was impossible to take out of the business of the bank on such short notice the amount involved, without draining the available currency below the danger line. To save the credit of the bank, Mr. Stockton was forced to sacrifice the \$75,000 worth of Government bonds on deposit with the United States Treasury, and for this purpose he started to New York.

The last statement of the bank issued on July 14, showed a deposit of about \$75,000 in Government bonds, and about \$50,000 in available currency. Because of this sale, thus forced and the attack made by Secretary Carlisle, the bank will probably lose thousands of dollars in deposits. Mr. Stockton stopped in Washington on his way to New York and had frequent conferences with Secretary Carlisle. The Secretary has practically admitted that the blow at the Jacksonville bank was struck by order of President Cleveland in retaliation upon Mr. Stockton for his allegiance to the cause of silver. This is also further by a previous effort of Mr. Stockton to have the National Bank of the State of Florida, and this has been freely admitted by Secretary Carlisle.

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ONE BANK WOULD NOT BID. The Merchants' National, by its report of that month, did not show so largely prosperous a condition as the bank itself professed. It was, however, in a charge of any sort against the solvency of the National Bank of the State of Florida, and this has been freely admitted by Secretary Carlisle.

THROWN UNDER CAR WHEELS. Baggage Trunk Knocked Sheets Off the Train and He Died of His Injuries. Camden, N. J., Aug. 27.—Harvey M. Sheets, a resident of Philadelphia, died at a late hour last night in the hospital from injuries received last evening at Sea Isle Junction.

Sheets had spent the day fishing at the resort and in the evening boarded the Cape May excursion train for his home. While the train was passing the depot, Sheets stood on the steps of the smoking car. Near the end of the depot he came in contact with a baggage truck which stood near the tracks. He was thrown to the ground and his left leg went under the wheels and it was not until he lay on his back that he was able to get up.

President Howell Improved. Bridge President James Howell, who is lying ill at his home, No. 8 South Portland avenue, Brooklyn, was said to be somewhat better last night, but the physician did not speak hopefully of his ultimate recovery.

## HIS HOPE ALMOST LOST.

John Curran's Chances of Liberation Seem to Be Waning—Views of Mr. McGrath.

John Curran has no prospects of being liberated from prison unless he can secure a lawyer to draw up a petition for his release and have it presented in a formal manner to the Court of General Sessions, Assistant Corporation Counsel McGrath called the attention of the Court to the case yesterday, but was told it was not within his jurisdiction to demand that Curran be liberated. Mr. McGrath believes Curran has been detained too long.

"It is absurd," he said, "that a prisoner, who has no money, should be forced to hire an attorney to secure his release. Curran was held one year ago because he could not furnish a \$300 bond for the support of two children, one of whom, I understand, has since died in Germany. He has already served one year in the Tombs. When I took the matter before Judge Cowling, and he refused to grant his release, I am informed that the Commissioners believe that they have no power in the premises. If that is the case there is a defect in the law."

That love laughs at locksmiths was amply proved in Williamsburg yesterday morning. Two double bars of iron, fastened by an irate mother's hands, were not enough to end her young dream, and Cupid was once more triumphant.

Four years ago Edward McGrath, of No. 72 Kent avenue, then a boy of fifteen, gave his heart to fourteen-year-old black-eyed Katie McGlynn, who lived just around the corner, and found his love returned. Mrs. McGrath looked with much disfavor on her son's attachment, but notwithstanding this, as the years went on his affection for his little sweetheart grew stronger. Mrs. McGlynn thought Eddie a likely lad, and looked upon his suit with satisfaction.

For some time past, the youth has had a good position in his uncle's store, and, feeling able to marry, not long since told Katie the time they had been waiting for had arrived. But there was one thing in the way of the marriage; his mother still objected—could not be won over, and as he was only nineteen years old, her consent was necessary.

So the young folks decided to elope.

Curran was held until he could pay a bond of \$300. He is detained for one year—the limit of confinement—and now that his year has expired he had another commitment against him, which may necessitate his stay in prison for another twelve months, unless he secures enough money to employ an attorney. I believe that the Corporation Counsel should be given the power to demand a release, as well as the power to prosecute.

Robbers are Cooped Up. Surrounded by a Large Force Which Will Storm Their Fortified Stronghold.

Silver City, N. M., Aug. 27.—A message was received here last night to the effect that the nine men comprising the gang of desperadoes who robbed the Santa Fe Post Office, held up the Nogales Bank and killed one of the party which pursued them, are surrounded in Skeleton Cañon, Ariz., by United States marshals and troops.

The robbers are reported to occupy a strongly fortified position, with plenty of arms and provisions, and the character of the country is such that they can for a long time resist a force of many times their number. Every member of the band is a noted criminal.

The force under Marshal Hall now numbers nearly one hundred and fifty men, and a fight will probably occur; as the robbers have announced their determination to never be taken alive.

LIVELY ROW AT SMITH'S TRIAL. Lawyers Give the Lie at the Hearing Before the Board of Fire Commissioners.

The trial of J. Elliott Smith, superintendent of fire alarm and telegraph for the Fire Department, was resumed yesterday before the Board of Fire Commissioners. Lawyer Paul D. Cravath was on hand to protect the interests of the Standard and Underground Cable Company. During the cross-examination of George L. Wiley, the company's eastern manager, lawyer Campbell, for the prosecution, reminded Mr. Wiley of his testimony, given on Wednesday, that 90 per cent of the conductors furnished by his company to the Fire Department had been of the small, and, therefore, more costly kind. Mr. Campbell said: "The records show that only about two-thirds of the conductors were small."

"What is the difference in the cost of making large and small conductors?" asked Cravath. "Large conductors," replied Campbell, "are made of a heavier material, and also improper, as it tended to bring from the witness a business secret."

"You state an absolute falsehood!" exclaimed Cravath. "You state a falsehood yourself," answered Mr. Campbell. "In fact, you are lying."

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## DARS COULDN'T KEEP THESE HEARTS APART.

Although Only a Boy, Edward McGrath Was Bound to Wed Katie McGlynn.

They Started to Elope Tuesday, but the Lad's Mother Followed and Took Him Home.

ELUDED HER THE NEXT DAY.

They Found a Minister and Were Married. Mrs. McGrath Is Angry and Declares She Will Have the Marriage Set Aside.

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## MRS. DIGUET'S ACCUSER IS STILL ON DUTY.

Chief Conlin Fails to Discipline Special Policeman Rosenberg.

Assistant District Attorney McIntyre Says the Case May Go to the Grand Jury.

THE POLICE BOARD TO INVESTIGATE.

Commissioners to Take the Testimony of the Several Witnesses at a Hearing to Be Held Next Thursday.

The Digue case still continues to be the subject of much discussion in police and legal circles. Nothing has been done by the Police Department, except to prefer against Policeman Rosenberg charges of conduct unbecoming an officer. He has not been suspended, as was reported, but is still engaged in the performance of his duty as an unpaid, ununiformed officer.

Inspector Harley said yesterday that the matter was to come up before the Police Commissioners next Thursday, and that a thorough investigation of the charges would be made.

Assistant District Attorney McIntyre takes a very decided view of the matter. "If Mrs. Digue's story is true, as I believe it to be," he said yesterday, "this policeman's conduct and his subsequent testimony are simply infamous. I have taken no action in the matter thus far, because I did not wish to prejudice any one before the matter came up before the police authorities. In whatever way they decide the case I think it probable that steps will be taken by this office to bring the case before the Grand Jury."

"It is not the first case of this kind that has come to my notice. Only a short time ago my attention was called to a case where an overzealous detective had actually obtained admission to a house by forging a name. He arrested a woman against whom there was not the slightest suspicion of criminal conduct."

Mrs. Digue was arrested on Saturday night by Special Policeman Rosenberg. She had been walking on the street with her husband. During his absence Rosenberg stepped up to her and arrested her. Mr. and Mrs. Digue are respectable persons, and the wife of the policeman who arrested her was taken to the police station and locked up. When he found that his wife was to be put in a cell, Digue begged the police to permit his family physician to see the prisoner, who was in a state of prostration, but his request was refused.

Rosenberg swore in Jefferson Market Police Court that Mrs. Digue had accosted him and that he had therefore arrested her.

Widow of Terrace Methodist Church. The Rev. Henry Aston, of the Windsor Terrace Methodist Church, in Brooklyn, didn't agree with his trustees, and during his absence from town they ordered the church closed. Immediately upon his return the church was reopened, and the Rev. Mr. Aston has been living there since. He continues to hold services every Sunday. Much secrecy is maintained concerning the trouble between the pastor and the trustees, but one of the members of the Board said it was due to unpleasant domestic relations existing between Mr. and Mrs. Aston. The pastor's wife has left the city.

Tuesday morning they met by appointment and went to a church on Wythe avenue, but the minister would not perform the ceremony because of their apparent youth. Not dissuaded, they tried another, with the same result, and then another and another. But all the churches said they were too young, and would not tie the knot. As a last resort they went to the Church of the Immaculate Conception, at Mauger and Leonard streets, and the Rev. Mr. Farley, the pastor, was won over after a little talk, and told them to come in.

But just as they were entering the church Mrs. McGrath, breathless with excitement and anger, rushed up the steps, colored her boy and forced him to go home with her. Edward protested and Katie implored, but the mother was firm, and the girl had to go home alone in tears.

Mrs. McGrath took her son home and locked him up in the most secure room in the house to allow his love to cool. But Wednesday night he pried open the window and escaped, and took refuge in Katie's home.

Yesterday morning at 10 o'clock the couple stole out of the house, and going to the home of a Bedford avenue minister were speedily married.

Mrs. McGrath declares she will have the marriage set aside, as her son is not of age, and, therefore, she claims, the union is not legal.

Business Reverses Reported. Bridgeport, Conn., Aug. 27.—The Southford Paper Box Company closed its factory today and shut 120 operatives out of employment.

LYON, Mass., Aug. 27.—Munsey Brothers, shoe manufacturers, No. 341 Broad street, have assigned to James T. Lenox.

ROCHESTER FREELY RESPONDS. Her Popular Loan Promises to Be Very Successful.

Rochester, N. Y., Aug. 27.—City Treasurer Williams said today that the proposed popular loan promises to be a success. The suggestion was made two weeks ago, and already the sum of \$200,000 has been pledged. The loan is to be used for the purchase of city property, and the interest is to be paid by the savings banks.

## JERSEY REPUBLICANS LINE UP FOR BATTLE.

State Convention Names Presidential Electors and Denounces the Democratic Party.

Bids Made for Democratic Votes in Gov. Griggs's Speech and the Platform Adopted.

HE SAYS SILVER "CRASE" WILL DIE OUT.

Declares It Is Only Midsummer Madness and Will Not Stand the Test of Reason—Garret A. Hobart Wasn't There.

Trenton, N. J., Aug. 27.—One of the largest Republican Conventions ever convened in New Jersey assembled in Taylor's Opera House today to select the Presidential electors and to denounce the Democratic ticket and platform. The enthusiasm was not so conspicuous as the numbers. A feature of the convention was the strong bid for Democratic votes for the National ticket.

The ever-beautiful Taylor's Opera House was decorated with "Old Glory," and McKinley and Hobart portraits were numerous.

After State Chairman Franklin Murphy had called the convention to order, Governor Griggs was made temporary and permanent chairman and was given a rousing reception. He delivered an address which occupied fifty minutes in its delivery.

Governor Griggs began by declaring that the country is facing a crisis. The Republican party, as ever, was facing it steadily and would meet it as it had met the great problems of the Civil War. Agreeing in principle upon the financial question, he said, the Republicans are standing firm and united in opposition to inflation, repudiation and the robbery of labor by the Democratic machine.

"We welcome the alliance and friendship of these honest and honorable Democrats," he said, "and we are anxious to co-operate in every way to make headway against the corrupt and dishonest Democratic machine."

"We are not engaged in a contest for victory over the Democratic party," he said, "but we are fighting the united forces of Populism, inflation, communism, and all kinds of false doctrine, lies and schemes."

Governor Griggs spoke at length of the vast loss to labor that would ensue as a result of free silver coinage and attempted to show the fallacy of the argument that the flat of the Government could add value to money. He declared that the free silver policy would result in a loss of \$100,000,000 to the laboring man.

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## O'LYNN KEPT TALKING.

Now Held a Prisoner at West Point, Charged with the Heinous Crime of Insubordination.

Secretary of War Lamont may be called upon to decide whether or not Lawrence O'Flynn, a school teacher at West Point, and a member of the army service detachment stationed there, is persecuted by his commanding officer, who is Captain John B. Bellinger, son-in-law of Frederick C. Couderc. O'Flynn is now a prisoner at West Point as the result of charges preferred against him by Captain Bellinger.

The school teacher is a graduate of the United States Military Academy at West Point, and is a member of the army service detachment stationed there, is persecuted by his commanding officer, who is Captain John B. Bellinger, son-in-law of Frederick C. Couderc. O'Flynn is now a prisoner at West Point as the result of charges preferred against him by Captain Bellinger.

A few weeks ago in a public speech O'Flynn made an attack on the honesty and efficiency of the village school trustees. At the election for school trustees he was elected an independent ticket, and excited so much enthusiasm that his ticket won. The trustees, who were being elected by the trustees, were not pleased to the military authorities and is believed to be the cause of his present predicament.

A few days ago he wrote a letter to Lieutenant John J. Morrow, of the Engineer Corps, who has charge of the school. It is believed that the efficiency of the school was being lowered by the trustees, and that O'Flynn was being persecuted by his commanding officer.

As soon as Captain Bellinger heard of this he preferred charges against O'Flynn and had him taken before a military court accused of insubordination. O'Flynn was held in custody for a short time, but was released on bail. He is now a prisoner at West Point as the result of charges preferred against him by Captain Bellinger.

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## DESERTS HIS SALOON TO PREACH THE GOSPEL.

Pastor Feicke Finds Rum Selling Unprofitable and Goes Back to the Church.

Makes His Peace with His Ministerial Superiors and Gets a Charge in Pennsylvania.

TRADE BOOMS ONLY A SHORT TIME.

People Are Attracted by Curiosity at First, but the Novelty Wears Off and His Place Is Shunned—He Defends the Saloon.

Rev. Julius Feicke, the Jersey City clergyman who last summer created a sensation by severing his connection with the South Bergen Classis and opening a beer saloon at Fifth and Garden streets, Hoboken, has now given up the saloon and returned to the Church. He found beer selling did not pay, and having made his peace with his ministerial superiors, has re-entered the pulpit, in charge of the German Evangelical Church, of Bethlehem, Pa.

Mr. Feicke is an educated and polished German. He says he never could see any harm in the saloon business. If it was properly conducted, except for the prejudice against it. On opening his place in Hoboken he declared that he was forced into the business to save his family from want, his salary as pastor hardly proving sufficient to buy shoes for them.

Feicke's venture, however, did not prove a success. At first quite a number of people were attracted to his saloon by curiosity to see how the clergyman could mix a cocktail or operate the ale pump, but after the novelty wore off the place seemed somehow to be shunned by the respectable portion of the neighborhood, the people, apparently, having an instinctive feeling that the clerical saloon combination was not altogether appropriate.

Mr. Feicke has a mortgage of \$1,000 on the place he opened last year. Since then he has managed to pay that off and to clear only \$125, which now represents his capital. He was suspended by the South Bergen Classis for his contumacy in refusing to live on a pittance allowed him for preaching, but made a hot fight on the question of his right to sell beer. He has now given up the saloon and returned to the Church. He found beer selling did not pay, and having made his peace with his ministerial superiors, has re-entered the pulpit, in charge of the German Evangelical Church, of Bethlehem, Pa.

The pastor's saloon was always a moral place and conducted in the most orderly manner. He has now disposed of it, and started yesterday for Bethlehem.

The pastor's wife and family are now living in New York City. They will join him in Bethlehem as soon as he is seated in his new home.

DROVE INTO A TRAIN. George Grantham Failed to Heed a Warning and Was Cut to Pieces at Hastings by the Saratoga Special.

George Grantham, the son of William F. Grantham, a wealthy farmer in the Neperie Park, a Yonkers suburb, was killed at the Washington street crossing in Hastings yesterday afternoon by Train No. 70, known as the "Saratoga Special," from the Grand Central Station.

Grantham was driving down Washington street at a rapid pace when about 100 yards from the crossing was signalled by the flagman to stop. Seated in the rear of the wagon was a friend of Grantham's, and a small boy. They saw the flagman's signal and called to Grantham to stop, but he urged the horses to go faster.

The train, which was driven from the rear of the wagon when about twenty-five feet from the crossing, and was unhurt. The engine and baggage car had passed on, and Grantham drove his team into the third car. The force of the train, which was travelling about fifty miles an hour, caused the horse, wagon and driver to fly under the wheels, and they were cut to pieces. The inquest was deferred until the engineer and train hands could be present.

STABBED HIS BOY FRIEND. Little Johnny Morrissey Held for Assault with intent to Kill.

In the Essex Market Police Court yesterday morning thirteen-year-old Johnny Morrissey, of No. 30 Seawall street, was held in \$1,000 bail to await the action of the Grand Jury on a charge of assault with intent to kill Danny Bowen, ten years old, of No. 100 West street.

On the afternoon of August 13 Danny was making his little dog jump a hoop for the benefit of the older boy. Then Johnny tried to make the dog jump a hoop for himself, and refused. Morrissey picked the dog up and threw it over the fence.

Danny was angered, and, though he is only seven, he sized of Johnny, he boldly rushed at him.